

University of Pavia

Data Science and Big data Analytics

course

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### Dataset



- Kaggle dataset
- Two tables: Books data and Ratings
- Size: 3.86 GB
- Around 3 millions of reviews
- Ethical considerations

Data Table Schema:

Title

Description

**Authors** 

Image

previewLink

Publisher

published Date

infoLink

categories

ratingsCount

Ratings Table Schema:

Id

Title

Price

User\_id

profileName

review/helpfulness

review/score

review/time

review/summary

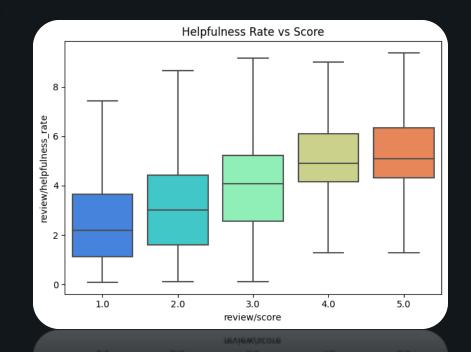
review/text

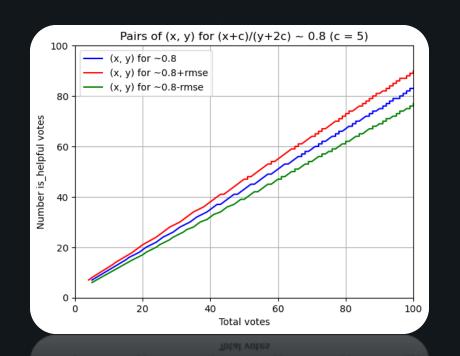




## Framing: Our Objectives

 Providing a scalable solution to the dataset exploration and analysis  Developing a machine learning model able to predict the helpfulness of a review looking at its content

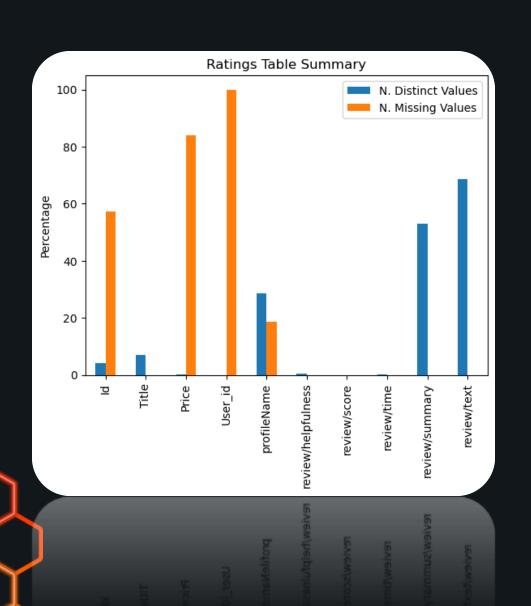




## Workflow



## OPrior Analysis O

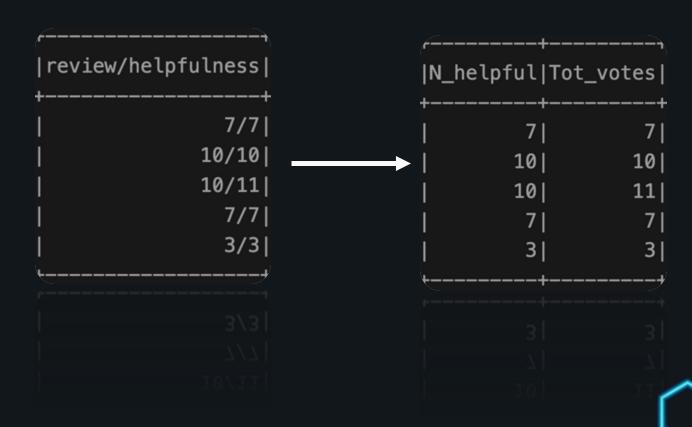




## Data Cleaning

#### Methodology

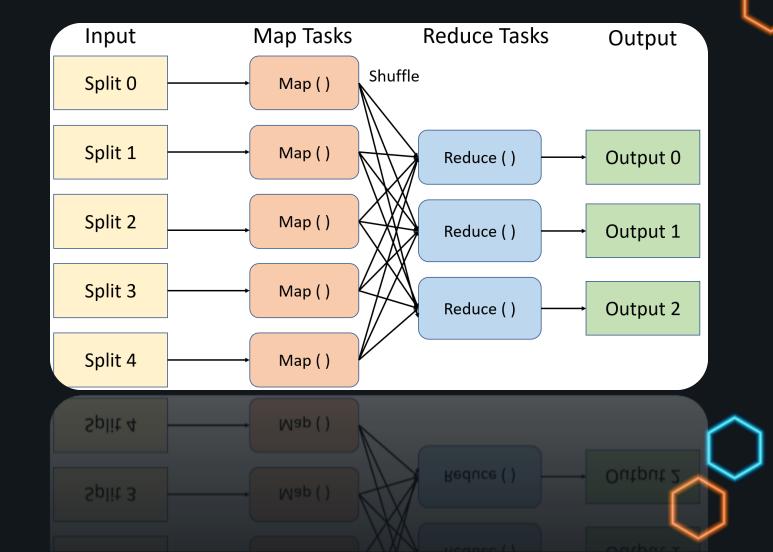
- Duplicates deletion
- Unuseful columns deletion (those containing links)
- 'Dangerous' symbols deletion
- 'Helpfulness' columns splitting



## MapReduce Job

#### Join the two tables

- Mapper creates a key-value structure
- Double key sorting (Title, second field)
- Reducer performs the join
- The table is stored in Hadoop



## SandBox Creation

#### Methodology

- Sandbox on MongoDB
- Random sample
- Rappresentative subset

Rappresentative subset

Random sample

```
# Connect to Mongo DB
import pymongo
client = pymongo.MongoClient('mongodb://localhost:27017/')
database = client['spark db']
books = database['books joined']
reviews = database['book reviews']
# Load the data
df joined = spark.read.csv("hdfs://localhost:9900/user/book reviews/joined tables",
header=True, schema=joined schema, sep='\t')
# Select a random subset of the big data to import
N to sample = 300000
df sample = df joined.sample(withReplacement = False, fraction =
N to sample/df joined.count(), seed = 42)
# Convert to a dictionary
df sample dict = df sample.toPandas().to dict(orient='records')
# Insert into MongoDB
books.insert many(df sample dict)
```

## Hypothesis Testing

#### Methodology

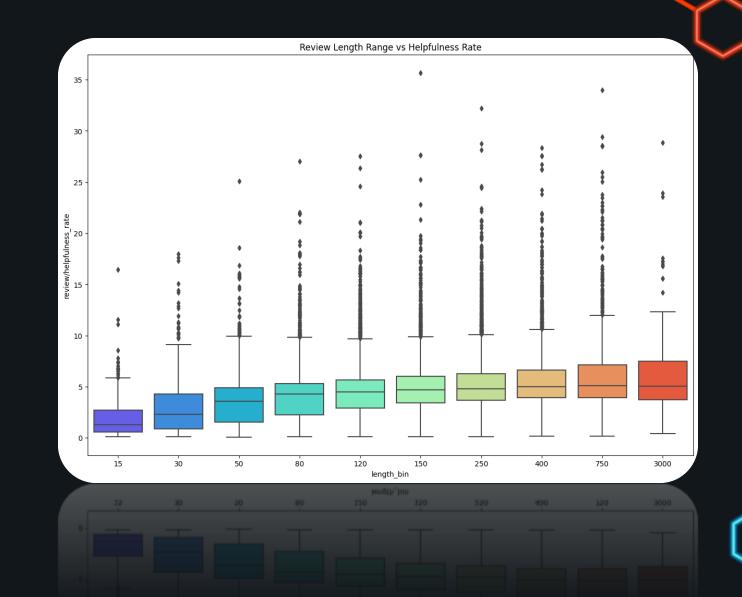
- MongoDB query to get data ready for analysis
- SciPy to compute metrics
- Pandas data manipulation
- Seaborn and Matplotlib for graphs

```
# Remove the samples which have no score or helpfulness data
pipeline remove =
               {'$match':{
                              'review/score':{'$exists':True},
                              'N helpful': {'$exists':True, '$ne':0},
                              'Tot_votes':{'$exists':True, '$ne':0}
# Retain only the required fields
pipeline project =
               {'$project':{
                              'review/score':1,
                              'review/helpfulness rate':{
                                             '$multiply':[
               {'$divide':['$N helpful','$Tot votes']},
                                                            {'$sqrt':'$Tot votes'}
                               ' id':0.
                              'Tot votes':1,
                              'N helpful':1
books data = books.aggregate([pipeline remove,pipeline project])
```

Is the helpfulness correlated to the length of the review?

$$helpfulness\ score = \frac{x}{y}\sqrt{y}$$

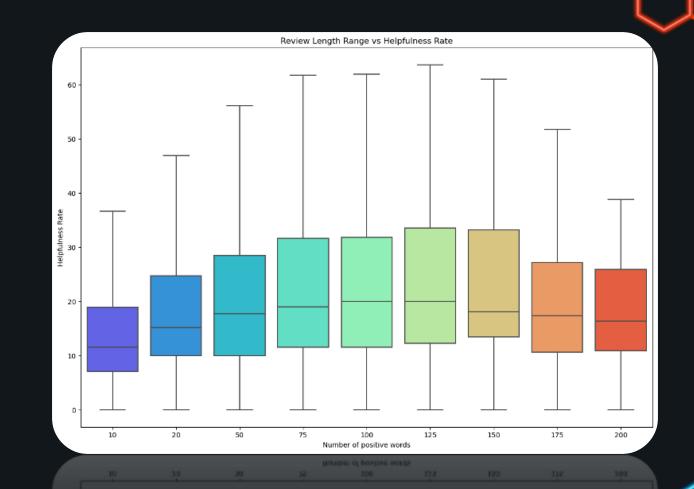
- Spearman's correlation value: 0.331
  - P-value < 0.05



Is the number of positive words correlated to helpfulness?

# Multinomial NBC: $\rightarrow$ top 800 positive words

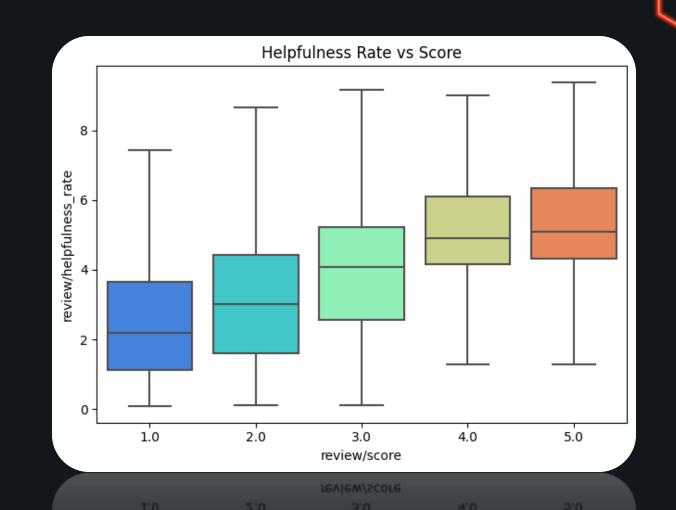
- Spearman's correlation value: 0.318
  - P-value < 0.05



Is there correlation between rating score and helpfulness?

 $Tot \ votes < 20$ → leads to bias

- Spearman's correlation value: 0.525
  - P-value < 0.05



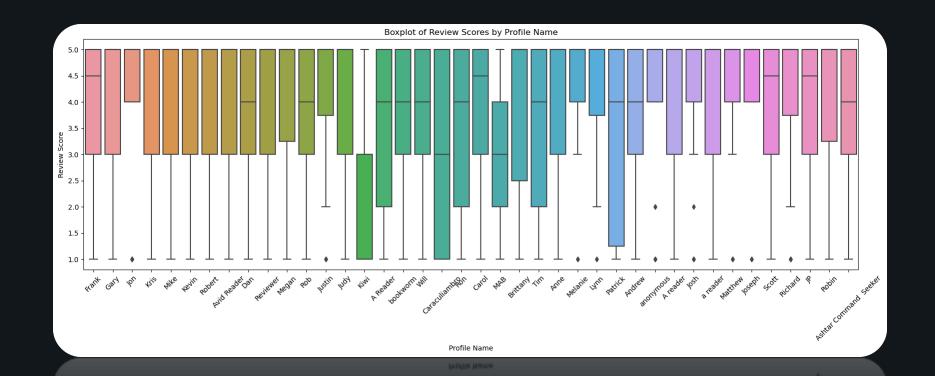
Is the rating score influenced by the user?

N.reviews < 20 $\rightarrow leads to bias$ 

#### ANOVA test

• F-statistic: 1.537

P-value: 0.067



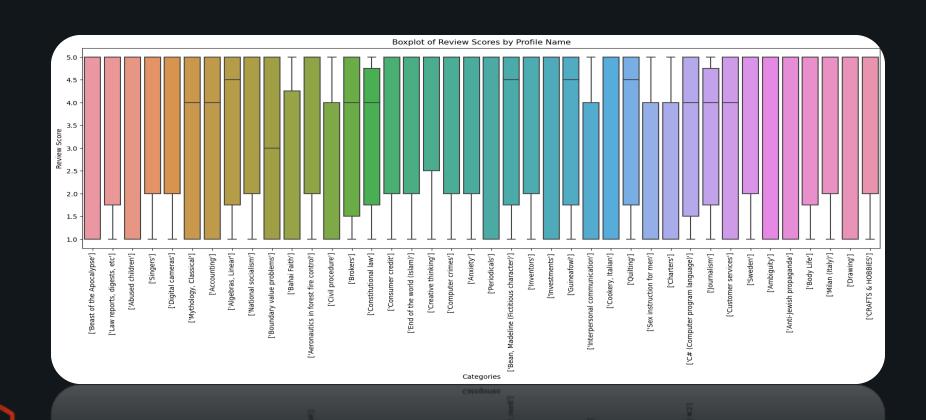
Is the rating score influenced by the category of a book?

N.reviews < 20 $\rightarrow leads to bias$ 

#### ANOVA test

• F-statistic: 0.177

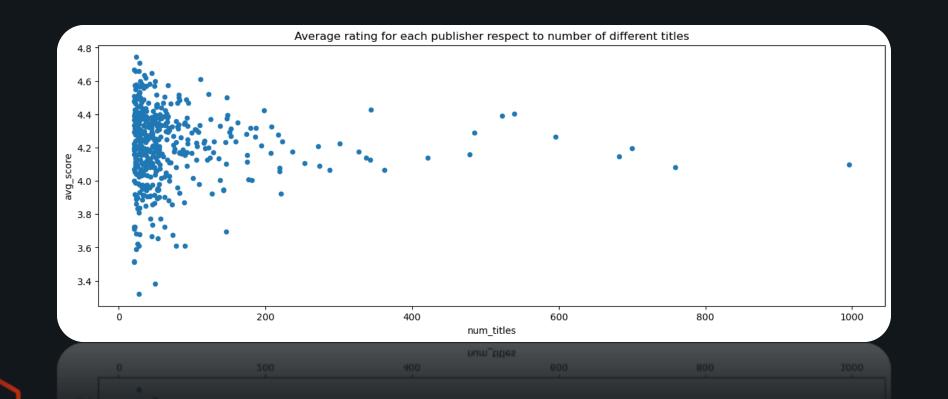
• P-value: 0.999



Is there correlation between the number of books of a publisher and the review score?

N.books < 20 $\rightarrow leads to bias$ 

- Spearman's: -0.067
- P-value: 0<u>.151</u>

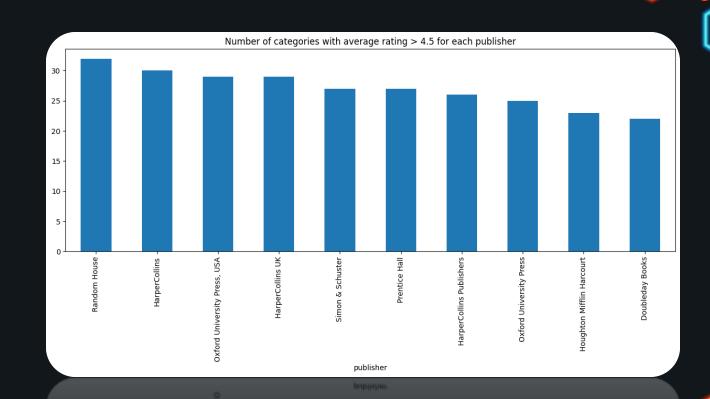


### Curiosity

Which are the best publishers?

In which category are the best publishers focused?

Complex MongoDB query



## Real Scenario

#### Goals

- Provide scalable solution
- Prove results consistency

#### Tools

- Spark DataFrame
  - Pyspark.ml

#### Hypothesis 1

	Spearman Coeff
Hadoop	0.361
Sandbox	0.331

#### Hypothesis 2

	Spearman Coeff
Hadoop	0.318
Sandbox	0.318

#### Hypothesis 3

	Spearman Coeff	
Hadoop	0.527	
Sandbox	0.525	

## Helpfulness Prediction

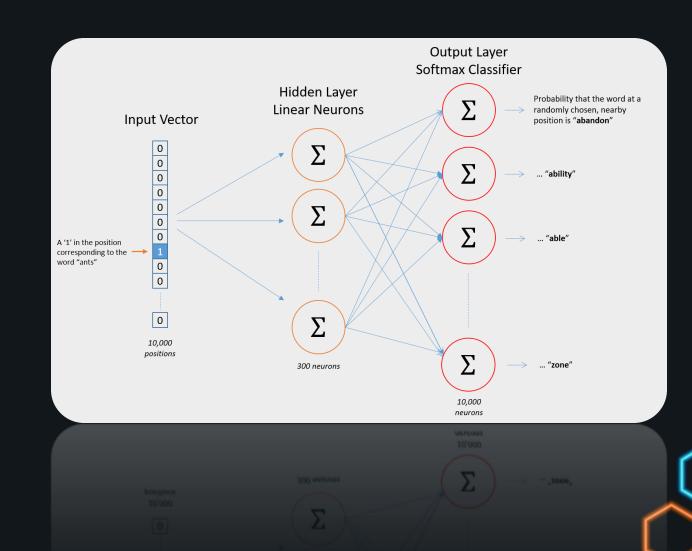


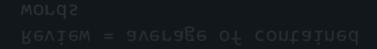


## Features Extraction

#### **Creation steps**

- Word2Vec from Gensim
- Size = 30, Window = 5, Min count = 2
- Size = 150, Window = 5, Min
  count = 2
- Review = average of contained words





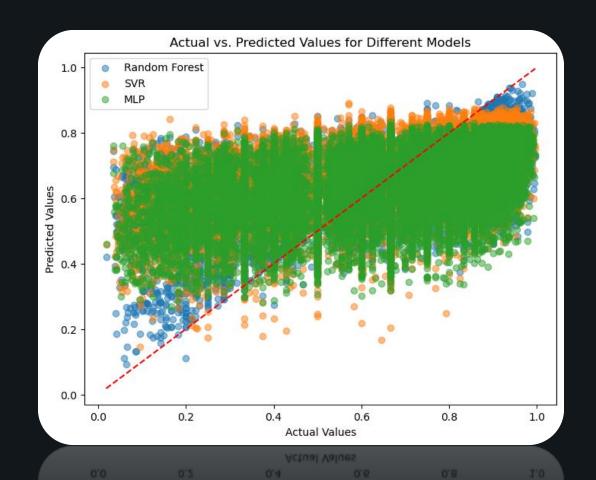
## O Model Selection O

#### Trained Models

- Random Forest Regressor
- Support Vector Regressor
- MLP Neural Network

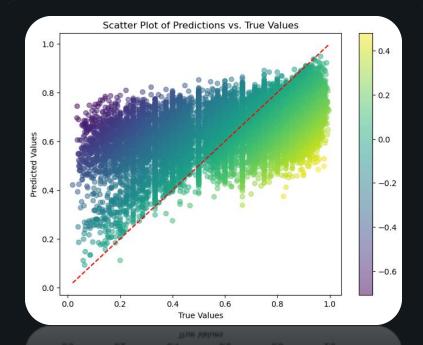
GridSearchCV → Hyperparameters
selection

Model	MSE	RMSE	$R^2$
RF	0.0259	0.1609	0.2532
SVR	0.0279	0.1670	0.1955
MLP	0.0282	0.1680	0.1858

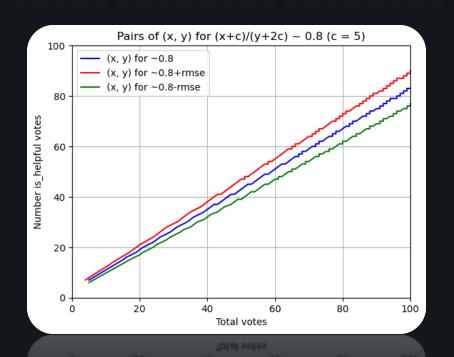


## Dest Model: Random Forest

- Size = 150 small improvement
- Underestimate when low and Overestimate when high



- Impact of RMSE on helpfulness votes
- 100 Total votes → ± 13 helpful votes



### Conclusions

- Importance of Scalable Systems: Emphasizes the significance of scalable systems in data analysis.
- Review Length and Sentiment: Longer reviews, especially the ones with positive words, tend
  to be more useful, but excessively long reviews can be tedious.
- User Preference for Positive Reviews: Users find positive reviews more helpful.
- Objective User Ratings: User ratings appear to be unbiased and reflect objective evaluations of books.
- Experience vs. Appreciation: The experience of publishers does not necessarily correlate with higher appreciation from users.
- Future Work: Indicates a focus on feature engineering to enhance the model's performance.

# Authors



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